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POSTOPERATIVE INSTRUCTION SHEET LHGV AMBULATORY SHOULDER AND ELBOW SURGERY

Patient's Name:	Date:

Note: If you have any problems, please call Dr. McCann (646) 665-6784.

DAY OF SURGERY:

- 1. Remain in the sling until Dr. McCann calls you the morning after surgery. The duration of anesthesia is variable and may last 12-24 hours after discharge from hospital.
- 2. Place plastic bag full of ice on top of dressing for as long as you wish for comfort.
- 3. Sleep upright in bed with extra pillows and a firm pillow under your elbow for maximum support; lying down flat is usually more painful.
- 4. Resume any of your regular medications. Eat and drink if hungry and thirsty.
- 5. Take pain medication (SEE BELOW).

DAY AFTER SURGERY:

- 1. Dr. McCann will call you the day after surgery.
- 2. Remove the top large layer of dressing and leave the small steri-strips on the incisions.
- 3. You may shower but place a hand towel over the operated area and keep direct flow of water off the incisions. If the small steri-strips fall off, replace with Band-Aid.
- 4. Use operated arm for regular, everyday activities below shoulder level; that is, washing, dressing, and eating moving your hand between your side pocket and nose. Avoid lifting or raising the arm.
- 5. After dressing, replace the sling until you speak with Dr. McCann.
- 6. It is normal to develop swelling and bruising (black and blue) in the arm, chest, and hand 2-5 days following surgery. If the swelling is uncomfortable, lie down and elevate the hand on a pillow above the level of your heart. Also, actively move your fingers and wrist to help decrease swelling. Swelling and bruising will resolve on their own at 2-3 weeks following surgery.

MEDICATIONS: Use a narcotic only if pain not sufficiently controlled by **the combination of** Celebrex, Tylenol, and an ice pack, i.e., pain score greater than 5/10.

- CELEBREX (200mg) is a strong anti-inflammatory and a non-sedating prescription strength pain reliever.
 Take one CELEBREX twice daily with breakfast and dinner each day. Continue for as long as you have pain. SIDE EFFECTS: Patients with gastritis, peptic ulcer disease, or hiatal hernia should not take Celebrex. If stomach pain develops when taking CELEBREX, stop the medication.
- 2. **TYLENOL EXTRA STRENGTH (500mg)** is a non-sedating pain reliever that should be taken **in addition to CELEBREX**, as they do not interact with each other, and the **combination** of both medications is more effective than taking each one separately. Take 2 tablets with breakfast, lunch, dinner, and at bedtime. SIDE EFFECTS: There are minimal side effects from TYLENOL, but DO NOT exceed the maximum daily dose of 4000mg, or 8 tablets. Stop Tylenol and Celebrex when you have no pain.
- 3. **OXYCODONE** (**5 mg**) is a narcotic and a potent pain reliever. SIDE EFFECTS of narcotics include nausea, sedation, light-headedness, fatigue, and constipation. Many patients find the side effects of narcotics worse than the post-op pain. For this reason, take the narcotics only if **the combination of CELEBREX** and **TYLENOL** do not give you adequate relief. Take 1 or 2 tablets of OXYCODONE every 4 hours only if pian score greater than 5/10. Narcotics should not be required more than 2-5 days post-operatively. There is no cross-reaction of the **OXYCODONE** with **CELEBREX** or **TYLENOL**.